Ph.D. Entrance Test - SYLLABUS - 2021

Economics Part - 1

Research Methodology (50%)

Course Contents:

Unit – I

Theory of research: pure and applied research, methodological issues in social sciences, formulation of research problems, theoretical frame and hypothesis formulation. **Research Plan**: criteria for good research, broad aspects of research in social sciences: ideal research plan and its different stages. **Types of research:** descriptive study, analytical study, historical study, survey study and case study

Unit – II

Selection, definition and measurement of variables – reliability and validity of measurement, data collection method: primary and secondary sources of data; time series and cross-sectional data; participant observation method, interview method, and questionnaire method – translation of data – presenting and revision – selection and training of field work – field problems in data collection. Sampling techniques – economics and logic of sampling – sampling procedure – random sampling, purposive sampling and stratified sampling; Analysis and interpretation of data – editing, coding, tabulation and preparation of report writing and bibliography

Unit – III

Statistical methods – basic statistical concepts and techniques – measurement of central tendency – measurement of variability – skewness and kurtosis – correlation – bivariate regression technique – statistical description and inference

Unit – IV

Theory of Probability: Concepts- Events, sample space, Random variable, probability distribution functions, Norma and Binomial Distributions

Part - 2

Subject Syllabus : Economics Core Subject (50%) (UGC NET PAPER SYLLABUS II)

Unit-1 : Micro Economics

Theory of Consumer Behaviour

Theory of Production and Costs

Decision making under uncertainty Attitude towards Risk

I Game Theory – Non Cooperative games

D Market Structures, competitive and non-competitive equilibria and their efficiency properties

Pactor Pricing

General Equilibrium Analysis

D Efficiency Criteria: Pareto-Optimality, Kaldor – Hicks and Wealth Maximization

D Welfare Economics: Fundamental Theorems , Social Welfare Function

2 Asymmetric Information: Adverse Selection and Moral Hazard

Unit-2 : Macro Economics

National Income: Concepts and Measurement
Determination of output and employment: Classical & Keynesian Approach
Consumption Function
Investment Function
Multiplier and Accelerator
Demand for Money
Supply of Money
IS – LM Model Approach
Inflation and Phillips Curve Analysis
Business Cycles
Monetary and Fiscal Policy
Rational Expectation Hypothesis and its critique

Unit-3: Statistics and Econometrics

Probability Theory: Concepts of probability, Distributions, Moments, Central Limit theorem
Descriptive Statistics – Measures of Central tendency & dispersions, Correlation, Index Numbers
Sampling methods & Sampling Distribution
Statistical Inferences, Hypothesis testing
Linear Regression Models and their properties – BLUE
Identification Problem
Simultaneous Equation Models – recursive and non-recursive
Discrete choice models
Time Series Analysis

Unit-4 : Mathematical Economics

2 Sets, functions and continuity, sequence, series
2 Differential Calculus and its Applications
2 Linear Algebra – Matrices, Vector Spaces
2 Static Optimization Problems and their applications
2 Input-Output Model, Linear Programming
2 Difference and Differential equations with applications

Unit-5 : International Economics

International Trade: Basic concepts and analytical tools
Theories of International Trade
International Trade under imperfect competition
Balance of Payments: Composition, Equilibrium and Disequilibrium and Adjustment Mechanisms
Exchange Rate: Concepts and Theories
Foreign Exchange Market and Arbitrage
Gains from Trade, Terms of Trade, Trade Multiplier

Tariff and Non-Tariff barriers to trade; Dumping
 GATT, WTO and Regional Trade Blocks; Trade Policy Issues
 IMF & World Bank

Unit-6 : Public Economics

D Market Failure and Remedial Measures: Asymmetric Information, Public Goods, Externality

Regulation of Market – Collusion and Consumers' Welfare

2 Public Revenue: Tax & Non-Tax Revenue, Direct & Indirect Taxes, Progressive and non-Progressive Taxation, Incidence and Effects of Taxation

- Public expenditure
- Public Debt and its management
- Public Budget and Budget Multiplier
- **Piscal Policy and its implications**

Unit-7 : Money and Banking

² Components of Money Supply
² Central Bank
² Commercial Banking
³ Instruments and Working of Monetary Policy
³ Non-banking Financial Institutions
³ Capital Market and its Regulation

Unit-8 : Growth and Development Economics

Economic Growth and Economic Development

Theories of Economic Development: Adam Smith, Ricardo, Marx, Schumpeter, Rostow, Balanced & Unbalanced growth, Big Push approach.

Dodels of Economic Growth: Harrod-Domar, Solow, Robinson, Kaldor

2 Technical progress – Disembodied & embodied; endogenous growth

Indicators of Economic Development: PQLI, HDI, SDGs

2 Poverty and Inequalities – Concepts and Measurement

2 Social Sector Development: Health, Education, Gender

Unit-9 : Environmental Economics and Demography

Invironment as a Public Good

- Market Failure
- Coase Theorem
- Cost-Benefit Analysis and Compensation Criteria
- **2** Valuation of Environmental Goods
- Theories of Population
- ² Concepts and Measures: Fertility, Morbidity, Mortality

Age Structure, Demographic Dividend Life Table Migration

Unit-10 : Indian Economy

Economic Growth in India: Pattern and Structure
Agriculture: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Major Challenges, Policy Responses
Industry: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Major Challenges, Policy Responses
Services: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Major Challenges, Policy Responses
Rural Development – Issues, Challenges & Policy Responses.
Urban Development – Issues, Challenges and Policy Responses.
Foreign Trade: Structure and Direction, BOP, Flow of Foreign Capital, Trade Policies
Infrastructure Development: Physical and Social; Public-Private Partnerships
Reforms in Land, Labour and Capital Markets
Centre-State Financial Relations and Finance Commissions of India; FRBM
Poverty, Inequality & Unemployment